





U-CERT

User-Centred Energy Performance Assessment and Certification

WELKOM EPB standaarden & EPBD perspectief







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Jan Pieter van Dalen jp@bouwbeter.nl



WELKOM EPB standards & EPBD perspectief



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U-CERT NL-EVENT Oct 2022 Jaap Hogeling jaap.hogeling@epb.center





Betrokken onderzoekers

















Joost Rienks Arjan Broers

Zoltan Magyar

Jana Bendžalová, PhD. **Pawel Wargocki**

Niccolò Mignani Marleen Spiekman Dick van Dijk













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EU Green Deal – Fit for 55 naar 2030

- Drijvende kracht achter de EPBD, nu volgt IV revisie
- Heeft dit effect op het gebruik van de EPB standaarden?









EU Green Deal, Renovation Wave: Fit for 55 by 2030 towards Zero Carbon emission richting 2050

3 focus gebieden in de "Renovation Wave":

- Tackelen energie armoede en transitie van de energetisch slechts presterende gebouwen naar gezonde gebouwen.
- Leidende voorbeelden: prioriteit voor renovatie van publieke gebouwen.
- Decarbonisatie: energieleverende gebouwen produceren.
- Om dit te bereiken promoot de EU de MEPS (Minimum Energy Performance Standards), dat feitelijk staat voor Minimum Energy Performance Requirements.
- Het gebruik van EPC's (Certificaten) en Building Renovation Passports.







EU Green Deal, Renovation Wave: Fit for 55 by 2030 towards Zero Carbon emission by 2050

- Gebouwen worden erkend als een van de belangrijkste aandachtsgebieden voor de Europese Green Deal en meer specifiek de Renovatiegolfstrategie.
 - O Ambitie: ten minste een verdubbeling van de jaarlijkse renovatie van het gebouwenbestand in de EU, met de nadruk op grondige renovatie
 - EPBD: Diepe Renovatie die leidt tot BENG: alleen diep indien meer als 30% reductie
- Basis voor de dringende herziening van de EPBD (versie 2018) om de nationale renovatiestrategieën te richten op een koolstofvrij gebouwenbestand tegen 2050.







New EPBD : Naar een beter EP en vermindering van de broeikasgasemissies van gebouwen: Gebouwen met nulemissie

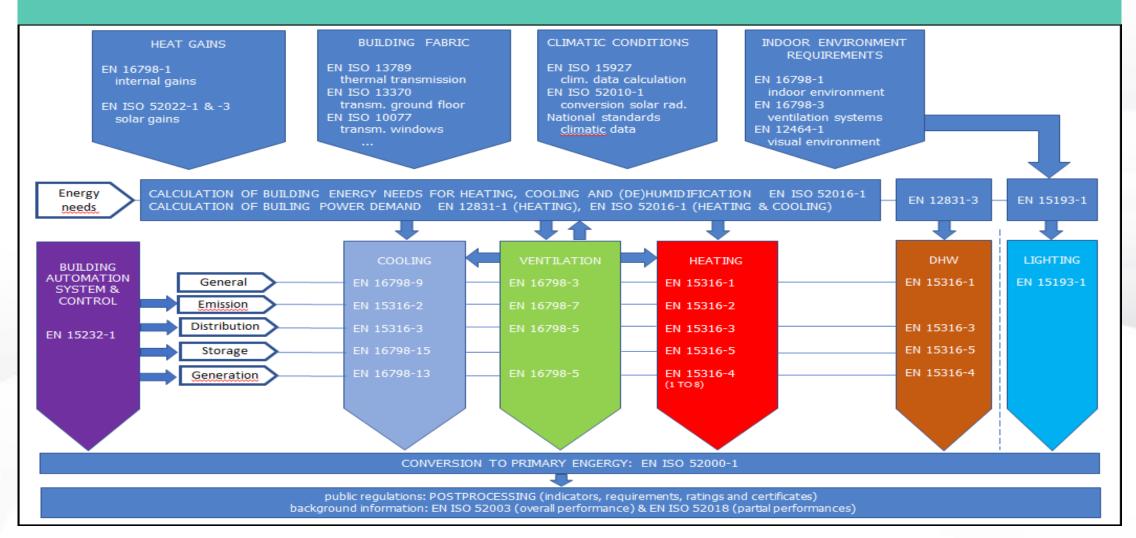
- Bijlage I, art. 3: Om de energieprestatie van een gebouw uit te drukken, kunnen de lidstaten aanvullende numerieke indicatoren vaststellen voor het totale, niethernieuwbare en hernieuwbare primaire energieverbruik en voor de operationele broeikasgasemissies, uitgedrukt in kgCO2eq/(m2 .y).
- Emissievrij bouwen: De NZEB-benadering (bijna-energieprestatie) wordt geschrapt en vervangen door emissievrij bouwen (ZEmB). Het volgens bijlage I (en benchmark bijlage III) beoordeelde zeer lage energieverbruik moet nog volledig worden gedekt door ter plaatse geproduceerde hernieuwbare bronnen.
 - **Building Renovation Passport**: het verstrekken van een stappenplan op maat voor ZEmB, **afgegeven door erkende deskundige**, volgt op bezoek ter plaatse (gedelegeerde handeling tegen 2023),
 - **Duurzame mobiliteitsinfrastructuur** in en naast gebouwen (slim opladen (2-weg) en fietsparkeren).







Set van onderliggende EPB standaarden









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Support, consultancy and services on **Energy Performance of Buildings** Standards calculations and implementation

EPB Center - Your service center for information new set of EPB standards: the internationally ha energy performance of buildings (EPB) assessi

EPB Center works for the benefit of all stakeho

Overview EPB standards

Short videos

Webinars

Case Studies

Documents

Ga naar www.EPB.Center Voor alle informatie over EPB standaarden, implementation of the Energy Performance of acting as a dedicated consultancy and service acting as a dedicated consultancy and service acting as a few performance of Ruildings (EPB) Standards described by the service of Ruildings (EPB) Standards described by the

ttps://epb.center/support/







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Supported by U-CERT's Deliverable D3.2

U-CERT protocol to make energy performance calculations more realistic



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U-CERT NL-EVENT Oct 2022 Marleen Spiekman Marleen.spiekman@tno.nl





Grote verschillen in energiegebruik tussen buren











Calculated energy use: using 'standard user'











Actual energy use:

with actual user

816 m³

1247 m³

2363 m³

1325 m³



426 m³

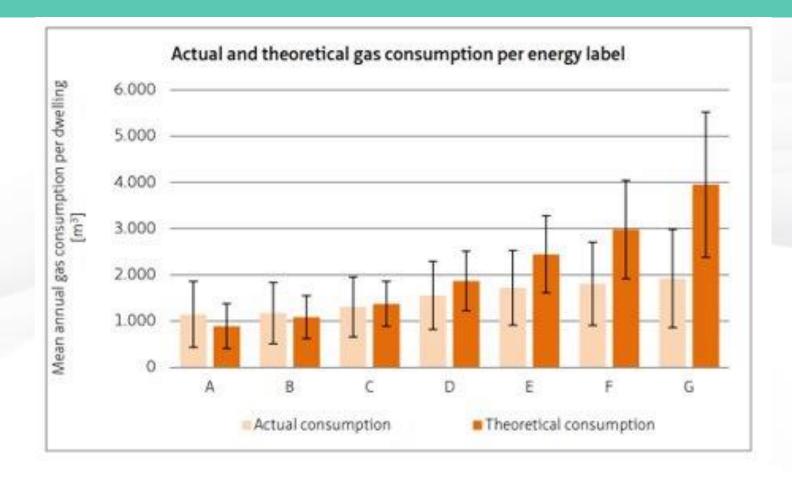








De energie prestatie kloof





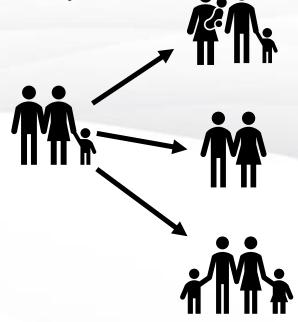




U-CERT's oplossingen

U-CERT's stellen voor om meer realistisch te kijken naar de werkelijke situatie op maat (het maatwerkadvies!):

- Vervang standaard door werkelijk gebruik.
- Kies uit verschillende detailniveaus.
- Vraag het gebruik uit.
- Meet waar mogelijk.

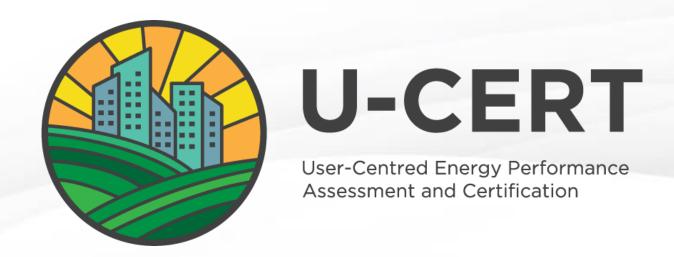








Toekomstvisie en kansen voor de maatwerkadviseur



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Toekomstvisie: whole life carbon indicator. Level(s)

- 1. Ontwerp
- 2. Realisatie
- 3. Operationalisatie





LIFE Level(s), (2022)











VISIE

Van Energie *Label* Adviseur naar

Energie

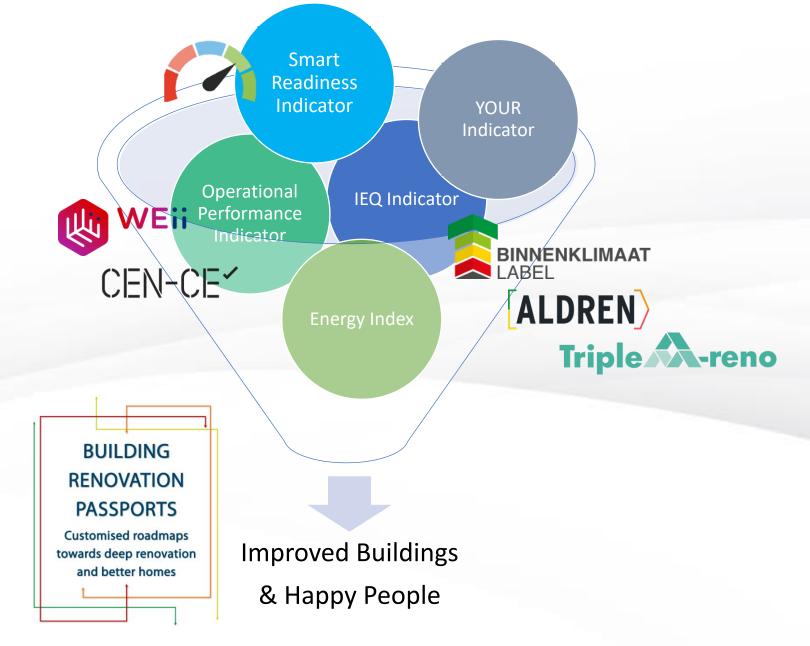
Prestatie

Adviseur

&

Data

Verzamelaar









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Supported by U-CERT's WP5 U-CERT Tool 2 The U-CERT Building Operational







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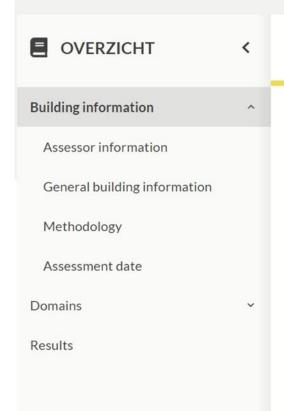


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Smart Readiness Indicator

BUILDING INFORMATION

The potential of smart technologies in the building sector was heavily emphasised in the 2018 revision of the European Energy Performance of Buildings Directive (EPBD) and the concept of a Smart Readiness Indicator (SRI) was introduced. This indicator allows for rating the smart readiness of buildings, i.e. the capability of buildings (or building units) to adapt their operation to the needs of the occupant, also optimizing energy efficiency and overall performance, and to adapt their operation in reaction to signals from the grid (energy flexibility). The smart readiness indicator will raise awareness among building owners and occupants of the value behind building automation and electronic monitoring of technical building systems and should give confidence to occupants about the actual savings of those new enhanced functionalities.









Part of the E.U.'s Horizons 2020 Programme

- Map opportunities to improve a building
- Raise awareness among owners and occupants on the added value of building automation and electronic monitoring of technical building systems
- Provide confidence to occupants about savings of those new functionalities





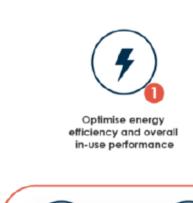




SRI – What is it?

Smart Readiness Indicator

Assesses to what extent a building is ready to become "smart". Is an addition to the existing Dutch NTA8800 Energielabel.



Energy efficiency



Comfort









Convenience



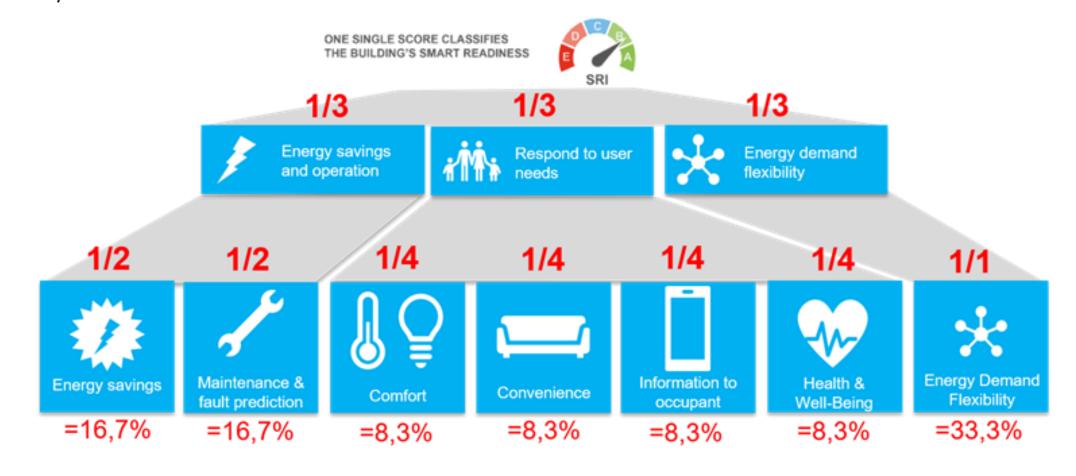


Energy flexibility

and storage



SRI – How does it work?











Smart Readiness Indicator

Assesses to what extent a building is ready to become "smart". Is an addition to the existing NTA8800 Energielabel.

Aspects assessed per method	SRI-tool	Energielabe I
Construction/building envelop	dynamic aspects	√
Climate services, DHW services, Lighting (equipment and controls)	controls only	√
Electricity generation, supply and storage	√	generation only
Vehicle charging	\checkmark	X
Interaction with outside world, e.g. Smart Electricity Grid	√	X



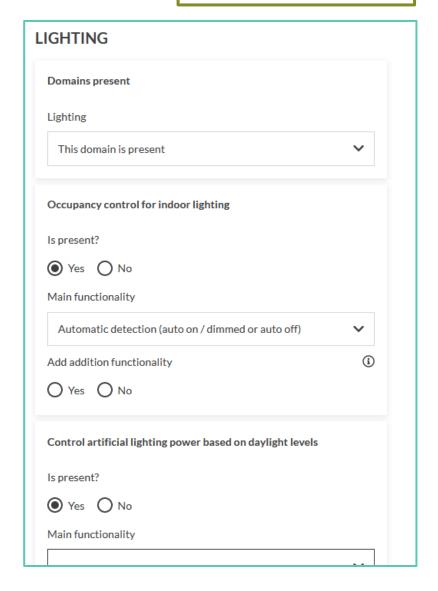
SRI

Own knowledge and/or visit to the building

SRI
Method A & Method B (*.xls)

Way of working

- It allows for two different methods:
 - Method A simplified method
 - Method B detailed method
- Measurements are not needed, qualitative input only.
- User is guided through the questions
- LINK: https://sri.u-certproject.eu/project/bewerken/buildinginfo/









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Method A & Method B (*.xls)

Simplified online quick-scan

Simplified services list

Expert SRI

Checklist approach, covering catalogue of smart services cf. 1st study outcomes

Online

Self-assessment (or contractor,...)

15 minutes

Restricted to residential buildings

assessment

On-site inspection

Third-party qualified expert

1 hour - max 2 days

Non-residential: offices and education (+ others later on?) + Residential as well

In-use smart building performance

Measured / metered data (potentially restricted set of domains)

In-use buildings, metered data Part of the commissioning?

TBS self-reporting their actual performance

Gather data over a long period (e.g. 1 year)

Residential and non-residential Restricted to occupied buildings (not in design phase)

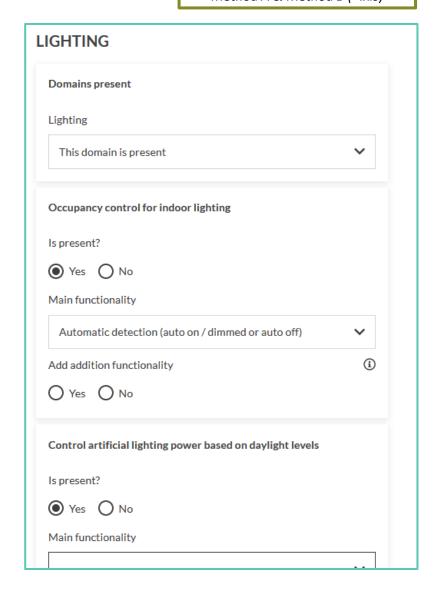






Method A vs method B

- Method A has 27 aspects and method B 54
- Only included in method B (examples):
 - Control of distribution pumps
 - Sequencing i.c.o. different heat generators (cascaderegeling)
 - Prevention of simultaneous heating and cooling
 - Free cooling
 - Daylight control of artificial lighting









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SRI – PILOT met Platform Duurzame Huisvesting

- Objective: acquire experience with Online SRI tool in Dutch non-residential buildings
- Approach: use online tool for 5 buildings; apply both method A and method B
- Deliverables:
 - Assessment of the user-friendliness and applicability for the Dutch situation
 - Assessment of best way of working: in situ or behind the desk
 - Map room for improvement
 - Comparison methods A and B









SRI – PILOT met Platform Duurzame Huisvesting

Example: mid-sized office building; 300 m2 with heating, cooling, ventilation, DHW, lighting.







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